

SAFETY DATA SHEET Tarmac ULTIBED Mortar 45

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Tarmac ULTIBED Mortar 45

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses General Purpose Bedding Mortar.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Tarmac Building Products Ltd

i10 Interchange Railway Drive Wolverhampton WV1 1I H

Telephone: 03444 63 64 65 packedproducts@tarmacbp.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone 03444 63 00 46 (Office Hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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Precautionary statements P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains Cement, portland, chemicals

Supplementary precautionary P261 Avoid breathing dust.

statements P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Calcium carbonate 25 - < 50%

EC number: 207-439-9 CAS number: 471-34-1

Substance with National workplace exposure limits.

Classification

Not Classified

10 - <25% Cement, alumina, chemicals

CAS number: 65997-16-2 EC number: 266-045-5

Classification

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Cement, portland, chemicals 5 - < 10%

CAS number: 65997-15-1 EC number: 266-043-4

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335

Calcium dihydroxide 0.5 - < 1%

CAS number: 1305-62-0 EC number: 215-137-3 REACH registration number: 01-

2119475151-45-XXXX

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335

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Crystalline Silica 0.25 - <0.5%

CAS number: 1317-95-9

Classification STOT RE 1 - H372

Calcium dihydroxide 0.025 - <0.25%

CAS number: 1305-62-0 EC number: 215-137-3

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical

attention.

Skin contact Brush off loose particles from skin. It is important to remove the substance from the skin

immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent.

Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open

eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and

airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.

Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to

skin.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards None known.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Neutralise with acid. Caution. May generate heat. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear

protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse

empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store locked up. Store away from the following materials: Acids. Keep only in the original

container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers

upright. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class Acid-reactive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Calcium carbonate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Cement, portland, chemicals

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Calcium dihydroxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³

Crystalline Silica

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.1 mg/m³ respirable dust

Calcium dihydroxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Calcium dihydroxide (CAS: 1305-62-0)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 4 mg/m³

General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 4 mg/m³

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PNEC - Fresh water; 0.49 mg/l

- Marine water; 0.32 mg/l

- STP; 3 mg/l - Soil; 1080 mg/kg

Lithium carbonate (CAS: 554-13-2)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 10 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 30 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 64.3 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 100 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 9.64 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 28.92 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 64.3 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 50 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 6.43 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 19.23 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 9 mg/l

- Marine water; 0.9 mg/l

- Intermittent release; 0.3 mg/l

- STP; 122.2 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 35.2 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 3.52 mg/kg

- Soil; 1.76 mg/kg

Calcium dihydroxide (CAS: 1305-62-0)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 4 mg/m³

General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 4 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.49 mg/l

- Marine water; 0.32 mg/l

- STP; 3 mg/l - Soil; 1080 mg/kg

Trisodium citrate (CAS: 68-04-2)

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.44 mg/l

- Marine water; 0.044 mg/l

- STP; 1000 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 34.6 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 3.46 mg/kg

- Soil; 33.1 mg/kg

Citric acid (CAS: 77-92-9)

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.44 mg/l

- Marine water; 0.044 mg/l

- STP; 1000 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 34.6 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 3.46 mg/kg

- Soil; 33.1 mg/kg

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8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

Eye/face protection Avoid contact with eyes. Large Spillages: Eyewear complying with an approved standard

should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the

glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any

deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body

protection

May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Wear appropriate

clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory protection No specific recommendations. Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is

inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Sand. Cement. Powder.

Colour Various colours.

Odour Slight.

Odour threshold Not determined.

pH ≥ 11.5

Melting point Not determined.

Initial boiling point and range Not determined.

Flash point Not determined.

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Evaporation factor Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not determined.

Relative density Not determined.

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Bulk densityNot determined.Partition coefficientNot determined.Auto-ignition temperatureNot determined.Decomposition TemperatureNot determined.

Viscosity Not determined.

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria

for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information required.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acid anhydrides. Acids. Phenols, cresols.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅o) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not classifiable

as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant. Solid.

General information Dust may irritate the eyes and the respiratory system. The severity of the symptoms described

will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and

airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.

Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to

skin.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Route of entry Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Calcium carbonate

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) > 2000 mg/kg, Rat REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) > 2000 mg/kg, Rat REACH dossier information.

Skin corrosion/irritation

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Animal data Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema

score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Dose: 0.1 ml (61 mg), 72 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Not irritating.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Screening - NOEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P REACH dossier information. No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity - development

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: > 1.25 %, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Cement, alumina, chemicals

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅o) LD₅o >2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ 7.6 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 0 REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Dose: 62 mg, 24 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Causes serious eye

irritation.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

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Reproductive toxicity -

development

Embryotoxicity:, Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: 266 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard

Not relevant. Solid.

Cement, portland, chemicals

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Skin Sens. 1 - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Calcium dihydroxide

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅o: >2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,500.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) REACH dossier information.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,500.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Well defined erythema (2).

Oedema score: Very slight oedema - barely perceptible (1). REACH dossier

information. Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Causes serious eye damage.

Germ cell mutagenicity

damage/irritation

Genotoxicity - in vitro Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL 21500 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Read across data.

No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: ≥ 440 mg/kg/day, Oral, Mouse REACH dossier information. Read across data. No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal

studies.

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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic

organisms.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Calcium carbonate

Toxicity Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. Based on available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: > 100 %, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

NOEC, 96 hours: > 100 %, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: > 100 %, Daphnia magna NOEC, 48 hours: 100 %, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

 EC_{10} , 72 hours: > 14 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus EC_{20} , 72 hours: > 14 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus

EC₅₀, 72 hours: > 14 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus NOEC, 72 hours: 14 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - EC_{50} , 3 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge microorganisms NOEC, 3 hours: 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

REACH dossier information.

Cement, alumina, chemicals

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 5.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 72 hours: 3.6 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Acute toxicity - microorganisms

EC₅₀, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

Cement, portland, chemicals

Toxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills

may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Calcium dihydroxide

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Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 457 mg/l, Gasterosteus aculeatus (Three-spined stickleback)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC₅₀, 96 hours: 158 mg/l, Crangon septemspinosa

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

 EC_{10} , 72 hours: 79.22 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata EC_{20} , 72 hours: 106.02 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

EC₅₀, 72 hours: 184.57 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata LOEC, 72 hours: 80 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata NOEC, 72 hours: 48 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - microorganisms

EC₂₀, 3 hours: 229.2 mg/l, Activated sludge EC₅₀, 3 hours: 300.4 mg/l, Activated sludge

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - terrestrial NOEC, 4 weeks: 2000 mg/kg, Eisenia Fetida (Earthworm)

REACH dossier information.

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC₅o, 14 days: 53.1 mg/l, Crangon septemspinosa NOEC, 14 days: 32 mg/l, Crangon septemspinosa

REACH dossier information.

Toxicity to soil NOEC, 96 days: 4000 mg/kg, Soil

EC₅o, 28 days: > 12000 mg/kg, Soil

REACH dossier information.

Toxicity to terrestrial plants EC₅o, 21 days: 5640 mg/kg, Allium porrum

REACH dossier information.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Calcium carbonate

Persistence and

degradability

The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

Cement, alumina, chemicals

Persistence and

degradability

The product contains inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Calcium carbonate

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Cement, alumina, chemicals

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

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Partition coefficient Technically not feasible.

Calcium dihydroxide

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

Calcium carbonate

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Cement, alumina, chemicals

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Cement, portland, chemicals

Mobility No information available.

Calcium dihydroxide

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Surface tension 72 mN/m @ 20°C REACH dossier information.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Calcium carbonate

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is inorganic. Not relevant.

Cement, alumina, chemicals

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not relevant. Substance is inorganic.

Calcium dihydroxide

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

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Disposal methodsDispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)

Entry number: 47

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)

Eye Dam. 1 - H318, Skin Sens. 1 - H317: Calculation method.

1272/2008

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Tarmac ULTIBED Mortar 45

Revision comments This is first issue.

Revision date 07/11/2016

SDS number 4994

Hazard statements in full H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.